

THE PARLIAMENT DISSOLVED
[*9TH DEC

us to discern and embrace that which shall tend to
the prosperity
of our people , to whom I wish that they that
wish them best
may never wish in vain.'

20th December A NOTE OF THE CHIEF STATUTES
ENACTED IN
THE LATE PARLIAMENT

An Act for the relief of the poor similar to that
which was
enacted in the last Parliament

An Act for the necessary relief of soldiers and
mariners,
similar to that which was enacted in the last
Parliament, and
in the Parliament of 1593

An Act to redress the misemployment of lands,
goods and
stocks of money heretofore given to charitable
uses

An Act to prevent perjury and subornation of
perjury and
unnecessary expenses in suits of law, because
that in many
places where actions, complaints and suits are to be
tried the defend-
dants are wont, when the suits come to be tried,
to sue to re-
move the cause to one of her Majesty's courts at
Westminster,
which is done for no other purpose but to put
the parties
plaintiff to great charges and expenses, and to
give the defend-
ants longer time to furnish themselves with some
false witness
to impugn the proofs openly made by the
plaintiff , which is a
great cause of perjury and of great expenses to
plaintiffs

An Act to avoid trifling and frivolous suits in
law in her
Majesty's Courts at Westminster, because of
the infinite
number of small and trifling suits commenced or
prosecuted at
Westminster which ought to be determined in
inferior courts
in the county

An Act to avoid and prevent divers
misdemeanours in idle
and lewd persons because that the cutting and
taking away of
growing corn, robbing of orchards and gardens,

digging up of
fruit trees, breaking of hedges, pales and fences,
cutting and
spoiling of woods and underwoods and such like
offences are
now more commonly committed by lewd and
mean persons
than in former times; which offences are great
causes of the
maintaining of idleness, and besides the
offenders are not able
for the most part to make recompense or
satisfaction

An Act against fraudulent administration of
intestate goods,
to prevent that abuse whereby such persons as
have the admims-